

## Relative Pronouns in relative clauses

who /which /where/ when /whose



## 4. The Compound -- complex Sentence:

A compound-complex sentence contains two or more independent clauses and at least one-dependent clause.

(a) The agent knew that the roof leaked, but he did not tell us."

The two independent clauses in this sentence are "The agent knew" and "he did not tell us." "That the roof leaked" is a subordinate noun clause.

(b) Since the day was unpleasant, we stayed indoors; Ali studied and I watched television.

his sentence has three independent clauses:

(1) we stayed indoors; (2) Ali studied and (3) I watched television. "Ali studied,"

"Since the day was unpleasant" explains why we stayed indoors; it is an adverb clause. (subordinate clause)

## Questions

- 1) Which type of sentence contains one independent clause and no dependent clauses?
  - A) Compound
    - B) Complex
    - C) Simple
    - D) Compound-Complex
- 2) A sentence with two independent clauses joined by a coordinating conjunction is:
  - A) Simple Sentence
  - B) Complex Sentence
  - C) Compound Sentence
  - D) Compound-Complex Sentence

3) What type of sentence is this: "Although he was tired, he finished his	
homework, and he went to bed early."	
A) Simple	
B) Complex	
C) Compound	
D) Compound-Complex	
4) Which of the following	is NOT a coordinating conjunction?
A) For	
B) And	
C) Because	
D) Or	
5) Which conjunction wo	ould you use to show a reason in a dependent
clause?	
A) So	
B) But	
C) Because	
D) Yet	
6) What is the purpose o	f a coordinating conjunction?
A) To connect an independent and a dependent clause	
B) To connect equal parts of a sentence	
C) To begin a paragraph	
D) To end a sentence	
7) In the sentence "She stayed home because it was raining," what type	
of conjunction is "because"?	
A) Coordinating	
B) Subordinating	
C) Correlative	D) Relative

- 2. True-False Questions
- a. "For" is an example of a subordinating conjunction. (True/False)
- b. Coordinating conjunctions can connect two independent clauses.(True/False)
- c. A subordinating conjunction always comes at the beginning of a sentence. (True/False)
- d. A dependent clause is also known as a subordinate clause. (True/False)

## 3) 2. True-False Questions

- a. A compound-complex sentence contains at least one independent clause and one dependent clause. (True/False)
- b. In a compound sentence, the clauses are connected by subordinating conjunctions. (True/False)
- c. A simple sentence cannot contain any conjunctions. (True/False)
- 4. Completion Items
- a) A sentence that contains one independent clause and one dependent clause is called a .
- b)\_\_\_ sentences are useful for combining related ideas with coordinating conjunctions.

Define each type of sentence and give an example of each.

Explain how a complex sentence differs from a compound sentence.

2. Extended-Response Essay

Write an essay discussing how different types of sentences contribute to writing style and clarity.

Describe the advantages of using a variety of sentence types in composition.

3. Problem-Solving