

# Now let's talk about the Compound Sentence.

A compound sentence consists of two or more independent clauses. Each clause contains a subject and a predicate of its own.

The moon was bright and we could see our way

Independent clause

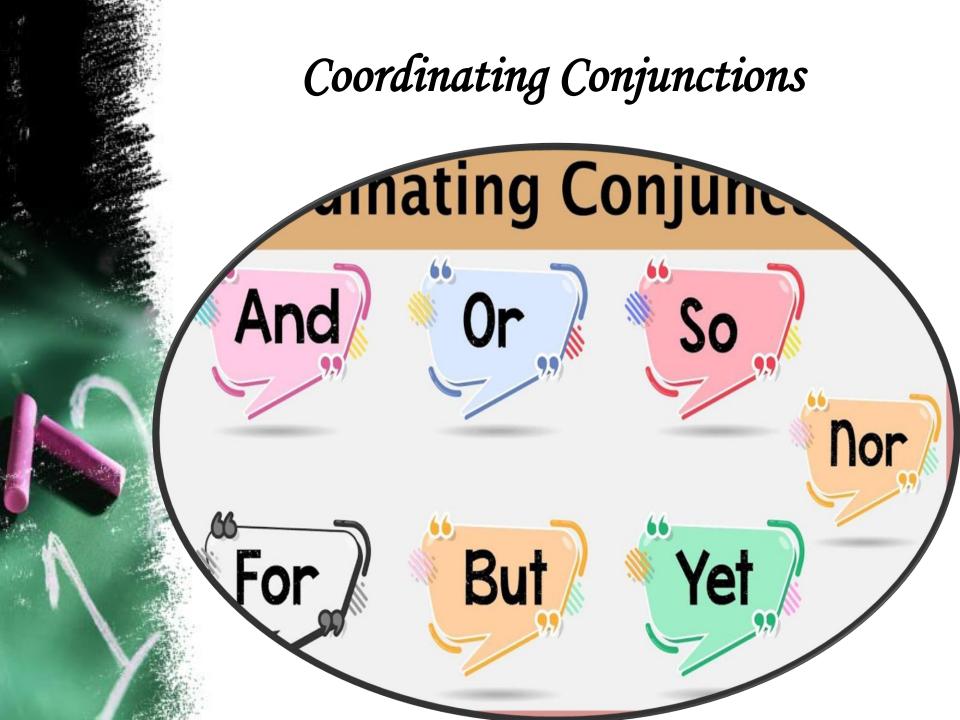
Independen clause



#### Coordinating Cunjunctions

Ordinarily, a coordinating conjunction (e.g. and, but, or, for) joins the two clauses.

The main coordinations are for, and, how well, and so. You can remember them with the acronym FANBOYS





### Functions of Coordinationg Conjunctions with Examples

1. And: Adds information.

"She likes tea, and he likes coffee."

2. But: Shows contrast.

"I want to go, but I have to work."

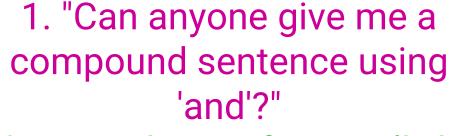
3. Or: Offers an alternative.

"We can go now, or we can wait until tomorrow."

4. Yet: Introduces a contrasting idea. was early, yet it was already dark outside."

"It

### Now it's your turn!



2. 'I wanted to go for a walk, but it started raining.' Can someone give me another example?"

3. "Don't worry, English isn't your first language; just give it a try!"



### Test

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## Thank you